FUTURE LAND USE & ZONING

NEIGHBORHOOD MEETINGS AND PUBLIC HEARINGS

Comprehensive Plan

The City of Meridian Comprehensive Plan guides and directs new development within the City of Meridian. The primary tool to determine the location and general character of development is the Future Land Use Map, which is a part of the Comprehensive Plan.

1 This icon indicates additional information available at links on the next page.

Future Land Use Designations

Future Land Use designations are shown on the Future Land Use Map of the Comprehensive Plan. ① Designations determine what type of zoning new development may receive when a project applies for annexation into the City, or what allowances exist for a property to rezone. Future land uses also determine the following:

- general character of new development;
- range of densities allowed; and
- intensity and mix of uses within Mixed Use areas.

There are 19 unique future land use designations shown on the City of Meridian Future Land Use Map. 2 These range from Low to High Density Residential and Mixed Use Regional. Many non-residential designations provide suggested preferences for several different zoning districts. See the Land Use & Zoning Matrix for correlations.

Residential Land Use Densities

The following future land use designations allow for residential developments within the specified gross density ranges.

LDR: 1 to 3 units / acre
MDR: 3 to 8 units / acre
MHDR: 8 to 12 units / acre
HDR: 12 or greater units / acre

O-T: Flexible

MU-N: 6 to 12 units / acre
MU-C: 6 to 15 units / acre
MU-R: 6 to 40 units / acre
MU-I: See Comprehensive plan

LAND USE & ZONING MATRIX MHDR COM R-2 Χ Χ Χ Χ R-4 Χ R-8 Χ R-15 X Х R-40 TN-R X Х TN-C Zoning O-T Χ C-N Χ C-C Χ Χ Χ C-G L-O X Χ М-Е Χ Н-Е X I-L Χ I-H Χ

Note: This matrix is generalized, other conditions and criteria apply, and exceptions may exist depending on compliance with other Comprehensive Plan text and policies. For Residential designations and MU-I (Mixed Use Interchange), see the City of Meridian Comprehensive Plan for additional context. For Future Land Use Designations within the Ten Mile Interchange Specific Area Plan, see that document.

Please note that designations may allow for other uses dependent upon other conditions and limitations described within the Comprehensive Plan.

For properties with Ada County zoning, such as RUT (Rural Urban Transition), this same information and matrix (above) applies with annexation into the City.

See next page for Zoning District Information ▶





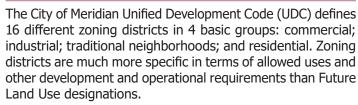
FUTURE LAND USE & ZONING

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Code	Land Use Name	Residential Density Ranges	Preferred Product Type or Zoning
LDR	Low Density Residential	1 to 3 units/acre	Single-family homes on large and estate lots
MDR	Medium Density Residential	3 to 8 units/acre	Mix of dwelling unit types
MHDR	Medium High Density Residential	8 to 12 units/acre	Mix of dwelling unit types
HDR	High Density Residential	12 or greater units/acre	Multi-family dwelling units
O-T	Old Town	Flexible	O-T
MU-N	Mixed Use Neighborhood	6 to 12 units/acre	R-8, R-15, TN-R, TN-C, C-N, L-O
MU-C	Mixed Use Community	6 to 15 units/acre	R-15, R-40, TN-R, TN-C, C-C, L-O
MU-R	Mixed Use Regional	6 to 40 units/acre	R-15, R-40, TN-C, C-G, M-E
MU-I	Mixed use Interchange	See Comprehensive Plan	See Comprehensive Plan

Note: Designations may allow for varied designations and uses dependent upon other conditions and limitations described within the Comprehensive Plan.

Zoning Districts 3



Commercial: Standard commercial zoning districts include Neighborhood (C-N), Community (C-C), and General (C-G). These range in scale and intensity with C-N being the least intense and C-G being the most intense. While more flexible, larger and more intensive uses are also more likely to negatively impact adjacent residential districts and uses. Other commercial districts include Limited Office (L-O), Mixed Employment (M-E), and High Density Employment (H-E), which are more specialized or intended for limited areas.

Industrial: Light (I-L) and Heavy (I-H) are the only two industrial districts. These districts are intended for a variety of manufacturing and employment uses, and generally discouraged away from or buffered from adjacent residential districts.

Traditional Neighborhood: These districts include Old-Town (O-T), Traditional Neighborhood Center (TN-C), and Traditional Neighborhood Residential (TN-R). O-T is limited to the Downtown area, but the others are useable city-wide. The purpose of traditional neighborhood (TN) districts is to encourage access and integration of residential and com-

mercial uses. TN districts include some additional design and connectivity requirements, but offer greater flexibility and a larger range of uses.

Residential: In residential districts, zoning does not specify minimum or maximum densities. *R-2, R-4, R-8, R-15, and R-40 zoning districts have no direct bearing on minimum or maximum allowed densities.* Instead, these zoning districts each specify building setbacks and other regulations, such as property size, minimum street frontage and maximum height requirements, which may indirectly affect density allowances.

Links & References

- 1 City of Meridian Comprehensive Plan:
 - https://meridiancity.org/compplan
- 2 Future Land Use Map Designation Cut Sheets:
 - https://meridiancity.org/landcutsheets
- 3 City of Meridian Unified Development Code: Zoning District Regulations are under 11-2A, B, C, and D.
 - https://meridiancity.org/UDC
- 4 Ten Mile Interchange Specific Area Plan:
 - https://www.meridiancity.org/TMISAP



